Die Sabbathi; 20. *Januarii*. 1649.

Lieutenant General Hammond, *Colonel* Okey, *and other Officers of the Army, this day presented a* Petition *to the House, with a Draught of the* Agreement of the People: *The Petitioners being called in, Mr* Speaker, *by Command of the House, gave them this Answer.*

GENTLEMEN,

YOu the Officers of the Army, sent by the Lord General, and the Officers of the Army, unto this House with this *Petition*: The House hath read your *Petition*, and for the *Agreement*, presented therewith, the House hath commanded me to tell you, They have resolved to take the same into their Consideration, with what possible speed the necessity of the present weighty and urgent affairs will permit. They have commanded me likewise to tell you, They find these good Affections and serious Representations made in your *Petition*, that they have Ordered it to be printed. I am likewise commanded to tell you, That this House doth take notice of your faithful and great Services to the Kingdom, in standing in the Gap for their Preservation; And commanded me to give hearty Thanks to the Lord General, and the Officers of the Army, for these good Services, and the good Affections you have herein expressed; And I do, in their Name, give the hearty Thanks of this House to the Lord General, and to you, and the rest of the Officers of the Army, for their good Affections, great Services, and cordial Expressions.

Hen: Scobel, Cler. Parl. Dom. Com.

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Hen: Scobel, Cler. Parl. Dom. Com.

26

AN AGREEMENT

Prepared for the

People of England,

And the places therewith Incorporated,

For a ſecure and preſent PEACE,
upon Grounds of Common Right
Freedom and Safety.

Alſo, a DECLARATION of the General Councel of Officers, concerning the ſame.

With a PETITION of his Excellency and the ſaid General Councel, preſented therewith, *Saturday, January* 20. 1648. To the Honorable the

COMMONS of ENGLAND
in PRLIAMENT aſſembled.

Here tendred to the Peoples Conſiderations, and in due time for their Subſcriptions.

BY *the Appointment of the Generall Councel of Officers of the Army.* Signed,
JOHN RUSHVVORTH, Sec^

LONDON,
Printed for *John Partridge*, *R. Harford*, *G. Calvert*, and *G. Whittington*. MDCXLIX.

To the honorable the Commons of ENGLAND in Parliament assembled;

The humble Petition of his Excellency Thomas *Lord* Fairfax, *and the General Councel of Officers of the Army und · his Command, concerning the Draught of* An Agreement of the People, *by them framed and preparid.*

IN our late Remonstrance of the 18 of November last, we propounded (next after the matters of publike Justice) some Foundations for a general settlement of Peace in the Nation; which we therein desired might be formed and Established in the nature of a generall Contract or Agreement of the People; and since then, the matters so propounded being wholy rejected, or no consideration of them admitted in Parliament (though visibly of highest Moment to the Publique) and all ordinary Remedies being denyed, we were necessitated to an extraordinary way of Remedy, whereby to avoyd the mischiefs then at hand, and set you in a condition (without such obstructions or diversions by corrupt Members) to proceed to matters of publique Justice and general Settlement. Now as nothing did in our own hearts more justifie our late undertakings towards many Members in this Parliament,

then the neceſſity thereof in order to a ſound Settlement in the Kingdom, and the integrity of our intentions to make uſe of it only to that end, ſo we hold our ſelves obliged to give the People all aſſurance poſſible, That our oppoſing the corrupt cloſure endeavoured with the King, was not in deſigne to hinder Peace or Settlement, (thereby to render our employments, as Souldiers, neceſſary to be continued,) and that neither that extraordinary courſe we have taken, nor any other proceeding of ours, have been intended for the ſetting up of any particular Party or Intereſt, by or with which to uphold our ſelves in Power and Dominion over the Nation, but that it was and is the deſire of our hearts, in all we have done, (with the hindering of that imminent evil, and deſtructive conjunction with the King) to make way for a ſettlement of the Peace and Government of the Kingdom upon Grounds of common Freedom and Safety: And therefore, becauſe our former Overtures for that purpoſe (being only in general terms, and not reduced to a certainty of particulars fit for practiſe) might poſſibly be underſtood, but as plauſible pretences, not intended really to be put into

effect

effect, We have thought it our duty to draw out thoſe generals into an intire frame of particulars, aſcertained with ſuch circumſtances as may make it effectively practicable: And for that end, while your time hath been taken up in other matters of high and preſent Importance, we have ſpent much of ours in preparing and perfecting ſuch a draught of an Agreement, and in all things ſo circumſtantiated, as to render it ripe for your ſpeedier conſideration, and the Kingdoms acceptance and practiſe (if approved:) And ſo we do herewith humbly preſent it to you.

Now to prevent miſunderſtanding of our intentions therein, We have but this to ſay, That we are far from ſuch a ſpirit, as poſitively to impoſe our private apprehenſions upon the judgments of any in the Kingdom, that have not forfeited their Freedom, and much leſſe upon your ſelves: Neither are we apt in any wiſe to inſiſt upon circumſtantial things, or ought that is not evidently fundamental to that publique Intereſt for which You and We have declared and engaged; But in this Tender of it we humbly deſire,

1. *That whether it ſhall be fully approved by You and received by the People (as it now ſtands) or not,*

it may yet remain upon Record before you, a perpetual witness of our real intentions and utmost endeavors for a sound and equal Settlement; and as a testimony, whereby all men may be assured, what we are willing and ready to acquiesce *in, and their jealousies satisfied or mouths stopt, who are apt to think or say, We have no bottom.*

2. *That (with all expedition which the immediate and pressing great affairs will admit) it may receive your most mature Consideration and Resolutions upon it; not that we desire either the whole, or what you shall like in it, should be by your Authority imposed as a Law upon the Kingdom, (for so it would lose the intended nature of* An Agreement of the People,) *but that (so far as it concurs with your own judgments) it may receive Your Seal of Approbation only.*

3. *That (according to the method propounded therein) it may be tendred to the People in all parts, to be subscribed by those that are willing, (as Petitions, and other things of a voluntary nature, are) and that mean while, the ascertaining of those circumstances, which it refers to Commissioners in the several Counties, may be proceeded upon in a way preparatory to the practise of it: And if upon the Account of subscriptions (to be returned by those Commissioners in* April *next) there appear to be a general or common Reception of it amongst the People, or by the well-affected of them, and such as are not obnoxious for Delinquency, it may then take place, and effect according to the Tenor and Substance of it.* *And Your Petitioners shall pray, &c.*

WHITEHALL
Jan. 15. 1649.

By the Appointment of his Excellency, and the general Councel of Officers of the Army.
JO: RUSHVVORTH *Secr.*

AN AGREEMENT OF THE PEOPLE OF ENGLAND,

And the places therewith INCORPORATED,

For a ſecure and preſent Peace, upon Grounds of Common Right, Freedom and Safety.

HAving by our late labors and hazards made it appear to the world at how high a rate we value our Juſt Freedom, And God having ſo far owned our cauſe as to deliver the Enemies thereof into our hands, We do now hold our ſelves bound in mutuall duty to each other to take the beſt care we can for the future, to avoyd both the danger

ger of returning into a ſlaviſh condition, and the chargeable remedy of another War: For as it cannot be imagined, That ſo many of our Country men would have oppoſed us in this Quarrell, if they had underſtood their own good, ſo may we hopefully promiſe to our ſelves, That when our Common Right and Liberties ſhall be cleared, their endeavors will be diſappointed, that ſeek to make themſelves our Maſters, ſince therefore our former oppreſſions, and not yet ended troubles, have been occaſioned, either by want of frequent National Meetings in Councel, or by the undue or unequal Conſtitution thereof, or by rendering thoſe meetings uneffectual. We are fully agreed and reſolved (God willing) to provide, That hereafter our Repreſentatives be neither left to an uncertainty for time, nor be unequally conſtituted, nor made uſeleſs to the ends for which they are intended.

In Order whereunto We Declare and Agree;

1. That to prevent the many inconveniencies, apparently ariſing from the long continuance of the ſame perſons in ſupream Authority, this Preſent Parliament end and diſolve upon, or before the laſt day of *April*, in the year of our Lord. 1649.

2. That the People of *England* (being at this day very unequally diſtributed, by Counties, Cities and Burroughs, for the Election of their Repreſentatives) be indifferently proportioned: And to this end, That the Repreſentative of the whole Nation ſhall conſiſt of four hundred perſons, or not above; and in each County, and the places thereto ſubjoyned, there ſhall be choſen, to make up the ſaid Repreſentative at all times, the ſeveral nmmbers here mentioned; *VIZ.*

In

In the County of *Kent*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein (except ſuch as are hereunder particularly named)	ten.	10
The City of *Canterbury*, with the Suburbs adjoyning, and Liberties thereof,	two.	2
The City of *Rocheſter*, with the Pariſhes of *Chatham* and *Strowd*,	one.	1
The Cinque Ports in *Kent* and *Suſſex*, *viz.* *Dover*, *Rumney*, *Hyde*, *Sandwich*, *Haſtings*, with the townes of *Rye* and *Winchelſey*,	three.	3
The County of *Suſſex*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein (except *Chicheſter* and the Cinque Ports)	eight.	8
The City of *Chicheſter*, with the Suburbs and Liberties thereof,	one.	1
The County of *Southampton*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein, except ſuch as are hereunder named,	eight.	8
The City of *Wincheſter*, with the Suburbs and Liberties thereof,	one.	1
The County of the town of *Southampton*,	one.]	1
The County of *Dorſet*, with the Burroughs, Townes and Pariſhes therein (except *Dorcheſter*)	ſeven.	7
The Town of *Dorcheſter*,	one.]	1
The County of *Devon*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein, except ſuch as are hereunder particularly named,	twelve.	12
The City of *Exceſter*,	two.]	2

The Town of *Plymouth*,	two.	2
The Town of *Barnſtaple*,	one.	1
The County of *Cornwall*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein,	eight.	8
The County of *Somerſet*, with the Burroughs, Townes and Pariſhes therein, except ſuch as are hereunder named,	eight.	8
The City of *Briſtoll*,	three.	3
The Towne of *Taunton-Deane*,	one.	1
The County of *Wilts*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein (except *Saliſbury*,	ſeven.	7
The City of *Saliſbury*,	one.	1
The County of *Berks*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein, except *Reading*,	five.	5
The Town of *Reading*,	one.	1
The County of *Surrey*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein, except *Southwarke*,	five.	5
The Burrough of *Southwarke*,	two.	2
The County of *Middleſex*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein, except ſuch as are hereunder named,	four.	4
The City of *London*,	eight.	8
The City of *VVeſtminſter*, and the *Dutchy*,	two.	2
The County of *Hartford*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein,	ſix.	6

The County of *Buckingham* with the Burroughs, Townes and Pariſhes therein,	ſix.	6
The County of *Oxon*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein (except ſuch as are here under-named)	four.	4
The City of *Oxon*,	two.	2
The Univerſity of *Oxon*,	two.	2
The County of *Gloceſter*, with the Burroughs, towns and Pariſhes therein (except Gloceſter)	ſeven.	7
The City of *Gloceſter*,	two.	2
The County of *Hereford*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therin (except *Hereford*)	four.	4
The Citie of *Hereford*,	one.	1
The County of *Worceſter*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein (except *Worceſter*)	foure.	4
The City of *Worceſter*,	two.	2
The County of *Warwicke*, with the Burroughs, townes, and Pariſhes therein (except *Coventrey*)	five.	5
The City of *Coventrey*,	two.	2
The County of *Northampton*, with the Burroughs, towns and Pariſhes therein (except *Northampton*)	five.	5
The Town of *Northampton*,	one.	1
The County of *Bedford*, with the Burroughs, townes, and Pariſhes therein,	foure.	4

The County of *Cambridge*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein (except ſuch as are here under particularly named)	foure.	4
The Univerſity of *Cambridge*,	two.	2
The Town of *Cambridge*,	two.	2
The County of *Eſſex*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein (except *Colcheſter*)	eleven.	11
The Town of *Colcheſter*,	two.	2
The County of *Suffolk*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein (except ſuch as are hereunder named)	ten.	10
The Town of *Ipſwich*,	two.	2
The Town of *S. Edmonds Bury*,	one.	1
The County of *Norfolk*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein (except ſnch as are hereunder named)	nine.	9
The City of *Norwich*,	three.	3
The Town of *Lynne*,	one.	1
The Town of *Yarmouth*,	one.	1
The County of *Lincoln*, with the Burroughs, Towns, and Pariſhes therein (except the City of *Lincoln*, and the town of *Boſton*)	eleven.	11
The City of *Lincoln*,	one.	1
The Town of *Boſton*,	one.	1
The County of *Rutland*, with the Burroughs, Townes, and Pariſhes therein,	one.	1

The

The County of *Huntington*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein,	three.	3
The County of *Leiceſter*, with the Burroughs, Townes and Pariſhes therein (except *Leiceſter*)	five.	5
The Town of *Leiceſter*,	one.	1
The County of *Nottingham*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Pariſhes therein (except *Nottingham*) foure.		4
The Town of *Nottingham*,	one.	1
The County of *Derby*, with the Burroughs, Townes, and Pariſhes therein except *Derby*)	five.	5
The Town of *Derby*,	one.	1
The County of *Stafford*, with the City of *Lichfield*, the Burroughs, towns and Pariſhes therein,	ſix.	6
The County of *Salop*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein (except *Shrewsbury*)	ſix.	6
The Town of *Shrewesbury*,	one.	1
The County of *Cheſter*, with the Burroughs, townes, and Pariſhes therein (except *Cheſter*)	five.	5
The City of *Cheſter*,	two.	2
The County of *Lancaſter*, with the Burroughs, townes, and Pariſhes therein (except *Mancheſter*)	ſix.	6
The town of *Mancheſter*, and the Pariſh,	one.	1
The County of *Yorke*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes, therein, except ſuch as are here under named,	fifteen.	15

The

The City and County of the City of *Yorke*,	three.]	3
The Town and County of *Kingſton* upon *Hull*,	one.]	1
The town and Pariſh of *Leeds*,	one.]	1
The County *Palatine* of *Dureſme*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein, except *Dureſme* and *Gateſide*,	three.	3
The City of *Dureſme*,	one.]	1
The County of *Northumberland*, with the Burroughs, towns and Pariſhes therein, except ſuch as are here under named,	three.	3
The Town and County of *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*, with *Gateſide*,	two.	2
The Town of *Berwicke*,	one.]	1
The County of *Cumberland*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein,	three.	3
The County of *VVeſtmerland*, with the Burroughs, towns and Pariſhes therein,	two.	2
The Iſle of *Angleſey* (with the Pariſhes therein)	two.]	2
The County of *Brecknock*, with the Burroughs, towns, and Pariſhes therein,	three.	3
The County of *Cardigan*, with the Burroughs and Pariſhes therein,	three.	3
The County of *Caermarthen*, with the Burroughs and Pariſhes therein,	three.	3
The County of *Carnarvon*, with the Burroughs and Pariſhes therein,	two.	2

The

The County of *Denbigh*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, two.	2
The County of *Flint*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, one.	1
The County of *Monmouth*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, foure.	4
The County of *Glamorgan*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, foure.	4
The County of *Merioneth*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, two.	2
The County of *Mountgomery*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, three.	3
The County of *Radnor*, with the Burroughs and Parishes therein, two.	2
The County of *Pembroke*, with the Burroughs, Towns and Parishes therein, foure.	4

Provided

Provided, That the first or second Representative may (if they see cause) assigne the remainder of the foure hundred Representors, (not hereby assigned) or so many of them as they shall see cause for, unto such Counties as shall appear in this present distribution to have lesse then their due proportion. Provided also, That where any Citie or Burrough to which one Representor or more is assign'd shall be found in a due proportion, not competent alone to elect a Representor, or the number of Representors assign'd thereto, it is left to future Representatives to assigne such a number of Parishes or Villages neare adjoyning to such City, or Burrough, to be joyned therewith in the Elections, as may make the same proportionable.

3. That the people do of course choose themselves a Representative once in two yeares, and shall meet for that purpose upon the first Thursday in every second May by eleven of of Clock in the morning, and the Representatives so chosen to meet upon the second Thursday in June following at the usuall place in Westminster, or such other place as by the foregoing Representative, or the Councell of State in the intervall, shall be from time to time appointed and published to the People, at the least twenty daies before the time of Election. And to continue their Session there or elsewhere untill the second Thursday in December following, unlesse they shall adjourne, or dissolve themselves sooner, but not to continue longer. The Election of the first Representative to be on the first Thursday in May, 1649. And that, and all future Elections to be according to the rules prescribed for the same purpose in this Agreement, viz.

1. That the Electors in every Division, shall be Natives, or Denizons of England, not persons receiving Almes, but such as are assessed ordinarily, towards the reliefe of the poore; not servants to, and receiving wages from any particular person. And in all Elections, (except for the Universities,) they shall be men of one and twenty yeares old, or upwards, and house-keepers, dwelling within

within the Deviſion for which the Election is provided, That untill the end of ſeven years next enſuing the time herein limited, for the end of this preſent Parliament, no perſon ſhall be admitted to, or have any hand or voice in ſuch Elections, who hath adhered unto, or aſſiſted the *King* againſt the *Parliament*, in any the late Warres, or Inſurrections, or who ſhall make or joyn in, or abet any forcible oppoſition againſt this Agreement.

That ſuch perſons, and ſuch only, may be elected to be of the Repreſentative, who by the rule aforeſaid, are to have voice in Elections in one place or other; provided, That of thoſe, none ſhall be eligible for the firſt or ſecond Repreſentatives, who have not voluntarily aſſiſted the *Parliament* againſt the *King*, either in perſon before the 14. of *June* 1645. or elſe in Money, Plate, Horſe, or Armes, lent upon the Propoſitions before the end of *May* 1643. or who have joyned in, or abetted the treaſonable Engagement in *London*, in the year 1647. or who declared or engaged themſelves for a Ceſſation of Armes with the *Scots*, that invaded this Nation, the laſt Summer, or for complyance with the Actors in any the inſurrections, of the ſame Summer, or with the Prince of *Wales*, or his accomplices in the Revolted Fleete. And alſo provided, That ſuch perſons as by the rules in the preceding Article are not capable of electing untill the end of ſeven years, ſhall not be capable to be elected untill the end of 14. years, next enſuing. And we do deſire and recommend it to all men, that in all times the perſons to be choſen for this great truſt, may be men of courage, fearing God, and hating covetouſneſſe, and that our

Repreſentatives would make the beſt proviſions for that end.

3 3. That whoever, by the two rules in the next preceding Articles, are incapable of Election, or to be elected, ſhall aſſume to vote in, or be preſent at ſuch Elections for the firſt or ſecond Repreſentative, or being elected ſhall preſume to ſit or vote in either of the ſaid Repreſentatives, ſhall incur the pain of confiſcation of the moyety of his Eſtate, to the uſe of the publike, in caſe he have any eſtate viſible, to the value of fifty pounds. And if he have not ſuch an Eſtate, then he ſhall incur the pain of Impriſonment, for 3. months; And if any perſon ſhall forcibly oppoſe, moleſt, or hinder the people, (capable of electing as aforeſaid) in their quiet and free Election of Repreſentors, for the firſt Repreſentative, then each perſon ſo offending, ſhall incur the penalty of confiſcation of his whole Eſtate, both reall and perſonal; and (if he have not an Eſtate to the value of fifty pounds,) ſhall ſuffer impriſonment during one whole year without Baile, or Mainprize. Provided, That the Offender in each ſuch caſe, be convicted within three Moneths next after the committing of his offence, And the firſt Repreſentative is to make further proviſion for the avoyding of theſe evils in after Elections.

4 That to the end, all Officers of State may be certainly accomptable, and no factions made to mainetaine corrupt intereſts, no Member of a Conncell of State, nor any Officer of any Salary forces in Army, or Garriſon, nor any Treaſurer or Receiver of publique monies, ſhall (while ſuch) be elected to be of a Repreſentative. And in caſe any ſuch Election ſhall be, the ſame to be void. And

in

in case any Lawyer shall be chosen of any Representative, or Councel of State, then he shall be uncapable of practice as a Lawyer, during that trust.

For the more convenient Election of Representatives, each County wherein more then three Representers are to be chosen, with the Townes Corporate and Cities, (if their be any) lying within compasse thereof, to which no Representers are herein assigned, shall be divided by a due proportion into so many, and such parts, as each part may elect two, & no part above three Representers; For the setting forth of which Divisions, and the ascertaining of other circumstances hereafter exprest, so as to make the Elections lesse subject to confusion, or mistake, in order to the next Representative, *Thomas* Lord *Grey* of *Grobey*, Sir *John Danvers*, Sir *Henry Holcraft* Knights, *Moses Wall* Gentleman, *Samuel Mayor*, *John Langley*, *William Hamkins*, *Abraham Babington*, *Daniel Taylor*, *Mark Hilley*, *Richard Price*, and Col. *John White*, Citizens of *London*, or any five, or more of them are intrusted to nominate and appoint under their Hands and Seales, three or more fit persons in each County, and in each City, and Borough, to which one Representor or more is assigned to be as Commissioners for the ends aforesaid, in the respective Counties, Cities, and Burroughs, and by the writing under their Hands and Seals shall certifie into the Parliament Records, before the fourteenth day of *February* next, the names of the Commissioners so appointed for the respective Counties, Cities, and Burroughs, which Commissioners, or any three, or more of them, for the respective Counties, Cities, and Burroughs, shall before the end of *February* next, by writing under their Hands and Seales

appoint two fit and faithfull perſons, or more in each Hundred, Lath, or Wapentake, within the reſpective Counties, and in each Ward, within the City of *London*, to take care for the orderly taking of all voluntary ſubſcriptions to this Agreement, by fit perſons to be imployed for that purpoſe in every Pariſh, who are to returne the ſubſcripſions ſo taken to the perſons that imployed them, (keeping a tranſcript thereof to themſelves) & thoſe perſons keeping like Tyanſcripts to return the Originall ſubſcriptions to the reſpective Commiſſioners, by whom they were appointed, at, or before the fourteenth of *Aprill* next, to be regiſtred and kept in the County Records, for the ſaid Counties reſpectively, aud the ſubſcriptions in the City of *London*, to be kept in the chief Court of Record for the ſaid City. And the Commiſſioners for the other Cities and Boroughs reſpectively, are to appoint two, or more, fit perſons in every Pariſh within their Precincts to take ſuch ſubſcriptions, and (keeping tranſcriptions thereof) to return the Originalls to the reſpective Commiſſioners by the ſaid fourteenth of *Aprill* next, to be regiſtred and kept in the chief Court within the reſpective Cities and Boroughs. And the ſame Commiſſioners, or any three, or more of them, for the ſeverall Counties, Cities, and Boroughs, reſpectively, ſhall, where more then three Repreſentors are to be choſen, divide ſuch Counties (as alſo the City of *London*) into ſo many, and ſuch parts as are afore mentioned, and ſhall ſet forth the bounds of ſuch diviſions, and ſhall in every County, City, and Borough, (where any Repreſenters are to be choſen) and in every ſuch diviſion as aforeſaid, within the City of *London*, and

within

within the ſeverall Counties ſo divided, reſpectively, appoint one certain place wherein the people ſhall meete for the choyſe of their Repreſentors, and ſome one fit Perſon, or more, inhabiting within each Borough, City, County, or Diviſion, reſpectively, to be preſent at the time and place of Election, in the nature of Sheriffes to regulate the Elections, and by Pole, or otherwiſe, clearly to diſtinguiſh and judge thereof, and to make return of the Perſon or Perſons Elected, as is hereafter expreſt, and ſhall likewiſe in writing under their Hands and Seales, make Certificates of the ſeverall Diviſions (with the bounds thereof) by them ſet forth, and of the certain places of meeting, and Perſons, in the nature of Sheriffes appointed in them reſpectively, as aforeſaid, and cauſe ſuch Certificates to be returned into the Parliament Records before the end of *April* next, and before that time ſhall alſo cauſe the ſame to be publiſhed in every Pariſh within the Counties, Cities, and Boroughs reſpectively, and ſhall in every ſuch Pariſh likewiſe nominate and appoint (by Warrant under their hands and Seals) one Truſty Perſon or more, inhabiting therein, to make a true liſt of all the Perſons within their reſpective Pariſhes, who according to the rules aforegoing are to have voyce in the Elections, and expreſſing, who amongſt them are by the ſame rules

Memorandum, *That the Commiſſioners for the reſpective Counties, Cities, and Boroughs, are to return a Computation of the number of Subſcribers in the ſeverall Pariſhes unto the Truſtees herein named before the end of* April *next, at ſuch place, and in ſuch forme as the ſaid Truſtees, or any five, or more of them ſhall direct.*

capable of being elected, and ſuch Liſt, (with the ſaid Warrant) to bring in, and return at the time and place of Election, unto the Perſon appointed in the nature of Sheriffe, as aforeſaid, for that Borough, City, County, or Diviſion reſpectively; which Perſon ſo appointed as Sheriff, being preſent at the time and place of Election; or in caſe of his abſence by the ſpace of one houre after the time limited for the peoples meeting, then any Perſon preſent that is eligible, as aforeſaid, whom the people then and there aſſembled ſhall chuſe for that end, ſhall receive and keep the ſaid Liſts, and admit the Perſons therein contained, or ſo many of them as are preſent unto a free Vote in the ſaid Election, and having firſt cauſed this Agreement to be publiquely read in the audience of the people, ſhall proceed unto, and regulate and keep peace and order in the Elections, and by Polé, or otherwiſe, openly diſtinguiſh and judge of the ſame: And thereof by Certificate, or writing under the hands and Seales of himſelf, and ſix or more of the Electors (nominating the Perſon or Perſons duly Elected) ſhall make a true return into the Parliament Records, within one and twenty dayes after the Election (under pain for default thereof, or for making any falſe Return to forfeit one hundred pounds to the Publique uſe.) And ſhall alſo cauſe Indentures to be made, and interchangeably ſealed and delivered betwixt himſelf, and ſix or more of the ſaid Electors on the one part, and the Perſons, or each Perſon Elected ſeverally on the other part, expreſſing

ſing their Election of him as a Repreſentor of them, according to this Agreement, and his acceptance of that truſt, and his promiſe accordingly to performe the ſame with faithfulneſſe, to the beſt of his underſtanding and ability, for the glory of God, and good of the people.

This courſe is to hold for the firſt Repreſentative, which is to proceede for the aſcertaining of theſe Circumſtances in order to future Repreſentations.

That one hundred and fifty Members at leaſt, be alwaies preſent in each ſitting of the Repreſentative, at the paſſing of any Law, or doing of any Act, whereby the people are to be bound; ſaving, That the number of ſixty may make an Houſe for Debates, or Reſolutions that are preparatory thereunto.

That each Repreſentative ſhall within twenty dayes after their firſt meeting appoint a Councell of State for the mannaging of Publique Affaires, untill the tenth day after the meeting of the next Repreſentative, unleſſe that next Repreſentative think fit to put an end to that truſt ſooner. And the ſame Councell to Act, and proceed therein, according to ſuch Inſtructions, and limitations, as the Repreſentative ſhall give, and not otherwiſe.

That in each intervall betwixt Bienniall Repre-

preſentatives, the Councell of State (in caſe of imminent danger, or extreame neceſſity) may ſummon a Repreſentative to be forthwith choſen, and to meet; ſo as the Seſſion thereof continue not above fourſcore dayes, and ſo as it diſſolve, at leaſt, fifty dayes before the appointed time for the next Bienniall Repreſentative, and upon the fifty-eth day ſo proceeding, it ſhall diſſolve of courſe, if not otherwiſe diſſolved ſooner.

7 That no Member of any Repreſentative be made either Receiuer, Treaſurer, or other Officer, during that imployment, ſaving to be a Member of the Councell of State.

8 That the Repreſentatives have, and ſhall be underſtood, to have the Supreame truſt in order to the preſervation and Government of the whole, and that their power extend, without the conſent or concurrence of any other Perſon or Perſons, to the erecting & aboliſhing of Courts of Juſtice, and publique Offices, and to the enacting, altering, repealing, and declaring of Lawes, and the higheſt and finall Judgement, concerning all Naturall or Civill things, but not concerning things Spirituall or Evangelicall; Provided, that even in things Naturall and Civill theſe ſix particulars next following, are, and ſhall be underſtood to be excepted, & reſerved from our Repreſentatives, *viz.*

1 We doe not impower them to Impreſt, or conſtraine any Perſon to ſerve in Forrainge Warre either by Sea or Land, nor for any Military Service within the KINGDOME, ſave that they may take order for the

the forming, training and exercising of the people in a military way to be in readineſſe for reſiſting of Forraign Invaſions, ſuppreſſing of ſudden Inſurrections, or for aſſiſting in execution of Law; and may take order for the imploying and conducting of them for thoſe ends; provided, That even in ſuch caſes none be compellable to go out of the County he lives in, if he procure another to ſerve in his room.

2. That after the time herein limited for the commencement of the firſt Repreſentative, none of the people may be at any time queſtioned for any thing ſaid or done in relation to the late Wars, or publick differences, otherwiſe then in execution or purſuance of the determinations of the preſent Houſe of Commons, againſt ſuch as have adhered to the King, or his intereſt againſt the people: And ſaving that Accomptants for publick monies received, ſhall remain accomptable for the ſame.

3. That no ſecurities given, or to be given by the publick Faith of the Nation, nor any engagement of the publick Faith for ſatisfaction of Debts and Damages, ſhall be made void or invalid by the next or any future Repreſentatives; except to ſuch Creditors, as have, or ſhall have juſtly forfeited the ſame; and ſaving, That the next Repreſentative may confirm or make null, in part, or in whole, all gifts of Lands, Monies, Offices, or otherwiſe, made by the preſent Parliament to any Member or Attendant of either Houſe.

4. That in any Laws hereafter to be made, no perſon, by vertue of any Tenure, Grant, Charter, Patent, Degree or Birth, ſhall be priviledged from ſubjection thereto, or from being bound thereby, as well as others.

5. That the Repreſentative may not give judgement upon any mans perſon or eſtate, where no Law hath before provided; ſave onely in calling to Accompt, and puniſhing publick Officers for abuſing or failing their Truſt.

6. That no Repreſentative may in any wiſe render up, or

give, or take away any the Foundations of common Right, Liberty and Safety contained in this Agreement; nor levell mens Eſtates, deſtroy Propriety, or make all things common: And that in all matters of ſuch fundamentall concernment, there ſhall be a liberty to particular Members of the ſaid Repreſentatives to enter their diſſents from the *major* vote.

9. *Concerning Religion, we agree as followeth.*

1. It is intended, That Chriſtian Religion be held forth and recommended, as the publike Profeſſion in this Nation (which wee deſire may by the grace of God be reformed to the greateſt purity in Doctrine, Worſhip and Diſcipline, according to the Word of God.) The inſtructing of the people whereunto in a publick way (ſo it be not compulſive) as alſo the maintaining of able Teachers for that end, and for the confutation or diſcovery of Hereſie, Errour, and whatſoever is contrary to ſound Doctrine, is allowed to be provided for by our Repreſentatives; the maintainance of which may be out of a publick Treaſury, and wee deſire not by Tithes. Provided, That Popery or Prelacy be not held forth as the publick way or profeſſion in this Nation.
2. That to the publick Profeſſion ſo held forth, none be compelled by penalties or otherwiſe; but onely may be endeavoured to be won by ſound Doctrine, and the example of a good Converſation.
3. That ſuch as profeſſe Faith in God by Jeſus Chriſt, (however differing in judgement from the Doctrine, Worſhip or Diſcipline publickly held forth, as aforeſaid) ſhall not be reſtrained from, but ſhall be protected in the profeſſion of their Faith, and exerciſe of Religion according to their Conſciences, in any place (except ſuch as ſhall be ſet apart for the publick Worſhip, where we provide not for them, unleſſe they have leave) ſo as they abuſe not this liberty to the civill injury of others, or to actuall diſturbance of the

the publick Peace on their parts, nevertheleſſe it is not intended to be hereby provided, That this Liberty ſhall neceſſarily extend to Popery or Prelacy.

4. That all Laws, Ordinances, Statutes, and clauſes in any Law, Statute or Ordinance to the contrary of the Liberty herein, provided for in the two particulars next proceeding concerning Religion, be and are hereby repealed and made void.

10. It is agreed, That whoſoever ſhall by Force of Armes, reſiſt the Orders of the next or any future Repreſentative (except in caſe where ſuch Repreſentative ſhall evidently render up, or give, or take away the Foundations of common Right, Liberty and Safety contain'd in this Agreement) ſhall forthwith after his or their ſuch Reſiſtance loſe the benefit and protection of the Laws, and ſhall be puniſhable with Death, as an Enemy and Traitour to the Nation.

The form of ſubſcription for the Officers of the Army.

Of the things expreſt in this Agreement, The certain ending of this Parliament (as in the firſt Article) the equal or proportionable diſtribution of the number of the Repreſentators to be elected (as in the ſecond) The certainty of the peoples meeting to elect for Repreſentatives Bienniall, and their freedom in Elections with the certainty of meeting, ſitting and ending of Repreſentatives ſo elected (which are provided for in the third Article) as alſo the Qualifications of Perſons to elect or be elected (as in the firſt and ſecond particulars under the third Article) Alſo the certainty of a number for paſſing a Law or preparatory debates (provided for in the fourth Article) The matter of the fifth Article, concerning the Councell of State: and of the ſixth, concerning the calling, ſitting and ending of Repreſentatives extraordinary: Alſo the power of Repreſentatives to be, as in the eighth Article, and limited, as in the firſt reſerves next following the ſame. Likewiſe the ſecond and third particulars under the 9th Article concerning Religion, and the whole matter of the 10th Article

All theſe we do account and declare to be fundamentall to our common Right, Liberty and Safety; and therefore do both agree thereunto, and reſolve to maintain the ſame, as God ſhall enable us. The reſt of the matters in this Agreement, we account to be uſefull and good for the publick, and the particular circumſtances of numbers, times and places, expreſſed in the ſeverall Articles, we account not Fundamentall, but we finde them neceſſary to be here determined for the making the Agreement certain and practicable, and do hold theſe moſt convenient that are here ſet down, and therefore do poſitively agree thereunto.

A Declaration of his Excellency THOMAS *Lord* FAIRFAX, *and his Generall Councell of Officers:*

Concerning the Agreement by them framed in order to Peace, and from them tendred to the People of ENGLAND.

HAVING ever ſince the end of the firſt War longingly waited for ſome ſuch ſettlement of the Peace and Government of this Nation, whereby the common Rights, Liberties and ſafety thereof, might in future be more hopefully provided for; and therein ſomething gained, which might be accounted to the preſent age and poſterity, through the mercy of God, as a fruit of their labours, hazards and ſufferings, that have engaged in the common Cauſe, as ſome price of the blood ſpilt, and ballance to the publick expence and damage ſuſtained in the War, and as ſome due improvement of that ſucceſſe and bleſſing God hath pleaſed to give them: And having not found any ſuch Eſtabliſhment aſſayed or endeavoured by thoſe whoſe proper work it was: But the many addreſſes and deſires of our ſelves, and others, in that behalf, rejected,

cted, discountenanced and oppoſed, and onely acorrupt cloſure endeavoured with the King, on tearmes, ſerving onely to his intereſt, and theirs that promoted the ſame: And being thereupon (for the avoidance of the evil thereof, and to make way for ſome better ſettlement) neceſſitated to make extraordinary wayes of remedy (when the ordinary were denied) now to exhibit our utmoſt endeavours for ſuch a ſettelement. Whereupon we and other Forces, (with which the Kingdome hath ſo long beene burthened above meaſure, and whoſe continuance ſhall not be neceſſary for the immediate ſafety and quiet therof) may with comfort to our ſelves, and honeſty towards the publique, disband, and returne to our homes and callings; and to the end mens jealouſies & fears may be removed concerning any intentions in us to hold up our ſelves in power, to oppreſſe or domineer over the people by the ſword: And that all men may fully underſtand thoſe grounds of peace and Government wherupon they may reſt aſſured; we ſhall for our parts acquieſce. We have ſpent much time to prepare, and have at laſt (through the bleſſing of God) finiſhed a Draught of ſuch a ſettlement, in the nature of an Agreement of the People for Peace amongſt themſelves; Which we have lately preſented to the Honourable the Commons now aſſembled in Parliament; and doe herewith tender to the people of this Nation: We ſhall not otherwiſe commend it, then to ſay, It containes the beſt and moſt hopefull Foundations for the Peace, and future well Government of this Nation, that we can deviſe or thinke on within the line of humane power, and ſuch wherein all the people intereſted in this Land (that have not particular intereſts of advantage & power over others, divided from that which is common and publique, are indifferently and equally provided for, ſave where any have juſtly forfeited their ſhare in that common intereſt by oppoſing it, and ſo rendred themſelves incapable thereof (at leſt) for ſome time. And we call the Conſciences of all that read or hear it, to witneſſe, whether we have therein provided or propounded any thing of advantage to our ſelves in any ca-

pacity above others, or ought, but what is as good for one as for another: And therefore as we doubt not but that the Parliament being now freed from the obſtructing and perverting Councels of ſuch Members, by many of whom a corrupt compliance with the Kings Intereſt hath been driven on, and all ſettlement otherwiſe hath hitherto been hindered) Thoſe remaining worthy Patriots to whom we have preſented the Agreement, will for the main allow thereof, and give their ſeal of Approbation thereby: So we deſire and hope, That all good people of *England* whoſe heart God ſhall make ſenſible of their, and our common concernment therein, and of the uſefulneſſe and ſuitableneſſe thereof to the publick ends it holds forth, will cordially embrace it, and by ſubſcription declare their concurrence and accord thereto, when it ſhall be tendred to them, as is directed therein; wherein if it pleaſe God, wee ſhall finde a good Reception of it with the people of the Nation, or the Well affected therein; We ſhall rejoyce at the hoped good to the Commonwealth, which through Gods mercy may redound therefrom, and that God hath vouchſafed thereby to make us inſtrumentall for any good ſettlement to this poor diſtreſſed Country, as he hath formerly made us for the avoiding of evil. But if God ſhall (in his Righteous Judgement towards this Land) ſuffer the people to be ſo blinded as not to ſee their own common good and freedom, endeavoured to be provided for therein, or any to be ſo deluded (to their own and the publick prejudice) as to make oppoſition thereto, whereby the effect of it be hindred, we have, yet, by the preparation and tender of it diſcharged our Conſcieuces to God, and duty to our native Country in our utmoſt endeavours for a ſettlement, (to the beſt of our underſtandings) unto a juſt publick intereſt; and hope we ſhall be acquitted before God and good men, from the blame of any further troubles, diſtractions or miſeries to the Kingdom, which may ariſe through the neglect or rejection thereof, or oppoſition thereto. and whereas there are many good things in particular matters which our

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own Reasons and observations or the Petitions of others have suggested, and which we hold requisite to be provided for in their proper time and way (as the setting of moderate Fines upon such of the Kings Party as shall not be excepted from life, with a certain day for their coming in and submitting, and an Act of Pardon to such as shall come in and submit accordingly, or have already compounded. The setling of a Revenue for all necessary publick uses, in such a way as the people may be most eased. The assigning of a free & ascertaining of securities for Souldiers arrears, and for publick Debts and Damages. The taking away of Tithes, and putting that maintainance which shall be thought competet for able Teachers to instruct the people, into some other way, lesse subject to scruple or contention, the clearing and perfecting of Accompts for all publique Monies, the relieving of prisoners for Debt; the removing or reforming of other evils or inconveniencies in the present Laws, and Administrations thereof, the redresse of abuses, and supplying of Defects therein, putting of all the Laws and procedings thererf into the English tongue, the reducing of the course of Law to more brevity and lesse charge, the setling of Courts of Justice and Record in each County or lesse Divisions of the Kingdom, and the erecting of Courts of Merchants for controversies in trading, and the like.) These and many other things of like sort being of a particular nature, and requiring very particular and mature consideration, with larger experience in the particular matters then we have, and much Caution, that by taking away of present Evils greater inconveniences may not ensue for want of other provisions in the room thereof, where it is necessary and we (for our parts) being far from any Desire or thought to assume or exercise a Law-giving, Judiciall power over the Kingdome, or to meddle in any thing save the fundamental setling of that power in the most equall and hopefull way for Common Right, Freedom, and Safety (as in this Agreement) and having not meanes nor time for, nor the necessity of some present general settlement, admiting the delay of such a consideration, as seems requisite in relation

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tion to ſuch numerous particulars, we have purpoſely declined the inſerting of ſuch things into this Agreement. But (as we have formerly expreſſed our deſires that way, ſo) when the matters of publique Juſtice, and generall ſettlement are over, we ſhall not be wanting (if needfull) humbly to recõmend ſuch particulars to the Parliament, by whom they may more properly, ſafely, and ſatisfactorily be provided for, and we doubt not but they will be ſo, ſuch of them at leſt as are of more neare and preſent concernment by this Parliament, and the reſt by future Repreſentatives in due time.

And thus we recommend for preſent the buſineſſe of this Agreement without further addition to the beſt conſideration of all indifferent and equall minded men, and commit the iſſue thereof (as of all our ways and concernments) to the good pleaſure of the Lord, whoſe will is better to us then our own, or any inventions of ours, who hath decreed and promiſed better things then we can wiſh or imagine, and who is moſt faithfull to accompliſh them in the beſt way and ſeaſon.

By the appointment of the generall Councell of Officers.

JOHN RUSHWORTH, Secretary.

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